

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF ROSEDALE NO. 283

BYLAW NO. 15/2025

**A BYLAW TO PROVIDE FOR THE ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES WITHIN THE
RURAL MUNICIPALITY.**

Council of the Rural Municipality of Rosedale No. 283 in the Province of Saskatchewan enacts as follows:

PART 1 – INTERPRETATION

Short Title

1. This Bylaw may be cited as the Nuisance Abatement Bylaw.

Purpose

2. The purpose of this Bylaw is to establish standards for the maintenance and occupancy of property, to ensure that such standards be maintained, and to provide for the abatement of nuisances, including property or things that affect:
 - (a) the safety, health, or welfare of people in the neighbourhood;
 - (b) people's use and enjoyment of their property; or
 - (c) the amenity of a neighbourhood.

Definitions

3. In this Bylaw:
 - (a) **Accessory Building** means a structure attached or detached, which is incidental and subordinate to the main use of the Building and which is not used or intended for use as human habitation;
 - (b) **Act** means *The Municipalities Act*, SS 2005, c M-36.1;
 - (c) **Administrator** means the Administrator of the Municipality, appointed by Council pursuant to Section 110 of the Act and is responsible for the overall management and Administration of municipal affairs;
 - (d) **Building** means a building within the meaning of the Act;
 - (e) **Council** means the Reeve and Councillors of the Municipality elected pursuant to the provisions of *The Local Government Election Act*, SS 1982-83, c L-30.1.;
 - (f) **Controlled Substance** means a controlled substance as defined and described in Schedules I, II and III of the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act*, 1996 c. 19, as may be amended from time to time, but does not include the trade or manufacture of a controlled substance that is permitted under that Act;
 - (g) **Designated Officer** means an employee or agent of the Municipality appointed by Council to act as a municipal inspector and/or Bylaw Enforcement Officer for the purposes of this Bylaw, or any person duly authorized by Council to enforce all bylaws of the Municipality;
 - (h) **Dwelling** means a structure containing a room or group of rooms forming part of a residential or partly residential Building and constituting an independent unit used or intended to be used as a place of lodging or residence by one or several persons;
 - (i) **Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fees** include the following costs and expenses incurred while responding to a violation of this Bylaw:
 - (i) pro-rata cost of police and the Municipality's staff salaries, including all fringe benefits;

- (ii) pro-rata cost of using police, fire, and Municipality's equipment and vehicles;
 - (iii) pro-rata administration costs incurred by the Municipality in responding to a nuisance service call or abating a nuisance;
 - (iv) the cost of repairs to damaged Municipality equipment, vehicles, or property; and
 - (v) the cost of providing medical treatment for injured police officers and Municipality officials;
- (j) **Fire Chief** means the Fire Chief of the Municipality;
- (k) **Graffiti** means any drawing, inscription, writing, or other mark that disfigures or defaces any Building, accessory Building, fence, or other structure, however made, or otherwise affixed;
- (l) **Junked Vehicle** means any automobile, tractor, truck, trailer, or other vehicle that:
- (i) either:
 - (A) has no valid license plates attached to it; or
 - (B) is in a rusted, wrecked, partly wrecked, dismantled, partly dismantled, inoperative, or abandoned condition; and
 - (ii) is located on private land, but that:
 - (A) is not within a structure erected in accordance with any bylaw respecting the erection of Buildings and structures in force within the Municipality; and
 - (B) does not form a part of a business enterprise lawfully being operated on that land;
- (m) **Medical Health Officer** means a medical health officer within the meaning of *The Public Health Act, 1994*, SS 1994, c P-37.1 and a public health officer or designated public health officer under any Act that may be substituted for *The Public Health Act, 1994*, SS 1994, c P-37.1;
- (n) **Municipality** means the Rural Municipality of Rosedale No. 283;
- (o) **Nuisance** means a condition of property, or a thing, or an activity, that adversely affects or may adversely affect:
- (i) the safety, health, or welfare of people in the neighbourhood;
 - (ii) people's use and enjoyment of their property; or
 - (iii) the amenity of a neighbourhood and includes:
 - (A) a Building in a ruinous or dilapidated state of repair;
 - (B) an unoccupied Building that is damaged and is an imminent danger to public safety;
 - (C) land that is overgrown with grass and weeds;
 - (D) untidy and unsightly property;
 - (E) Junked Vehicles; and
 - (F) open excavations on property;
- (p) **Nuisance Service Call** means the Municipality or police response to a violation of this Bylaw;

- (q) **Occupant** means an occupant as defined in the Act;
- (r) **Owner** means an owner as defined in the Act;
- (s) **Open Space** means the yard, lot areas, and undeveloped areas around a Building or accessory Building;
- (t) **Person** means a physical or juridical person including a corporation, a syndicate, a partnership, a co-operative association, or any other group of persons having an interest in property as proprietor, co-proprietor, mortgagee, lessee, executor, or other;
- (u) **Police** means the Royal Canadian Mounted Police;
- (v) **Property** means land or Buildings or both;
- (w) **Standards** means the standards set in Part II of this Bylaw;
- (x) **Structure** means anything erected or constructed, including but not limited to tents, mobile homes, trailers, or other vehicles used as a place of lodging or residence of one or several persons, the use of which requires temporary or permanent location on, or support of, the soil, or attached to something having permanent location on the ground or soil; but not including pavement, curbs, walks, or open air surfaced areas.
- (y) **Weed Inspector** is the Weed Inspector for the Municipality.

Responsibility

4. Unless otherwise specified, the owner and/or occupant of a Property, including land, Buildings, and structures, shall be responsible for complying with and carrying out the provisions of this Bylaw.

PART II – PROPERTY MAINTENANCE

Application

5. This Part applies to all Property, Buildings, accessory Buildings, structures, and dwelling units within the Municipality except Municipality-owned properties which are obtained through tax enforcement proceedings or to which *The Tax Enforcement Act*, RSS 1978, c T-2 otherwise applies.

Duty to Maintain

6. All Property, including land, Buildings, and structures, shall be maintained in accordance with the minimum standards prescribed in this Part:
 - (a) No person shall cause or permit the occupancy or use of any property, including land, Buildings, or structures that do not conform to the minimum standards.
 - (b) Every occupant of a property, including land, Buildings, and structures, shall:
 - (i) keep in a clean and sanitary condition that part of the Property which the occupant occupies or controls;
 - (ii) maintain exits to the exterior of the Building in a safe and unobstructed condition;
 - (iii) dispose of garbage and refuse and keep the Property free from rubbish and other debris which might constitute fire, health, or safety hazards; and
 - (iv) keep any supplied fixtures clean and sanitary and exercise reasonable care in their proper use and operation.

Maintenance of Open Space

7. Every owner or occupant of Property that includes Open Space shall ensure that:

- (a) such Open Space is kept clean and free from rubbish, debris, unused lumber or deadwood, wreckage of car bodies, heavy undergrowth, and nuisance or noxious weeds;
- (b) Any condition liable to cause the presence of vermin or rodents shall be removed from Open Space.
- (c) Where the presence of vermin or rodents is evident or suspected, appropriate measures shall be undertaken for immediate extermination, and to prevent their reappearance.

Maintenance of Buildings and Accessory Buildings

8. All Buildings and accessory Buildings shall be properly maintained in a state of good repair with paint or other surface finishing applied to ensure a neat and tidy appearance and the elimination of any hazard.

Structural Soundness

9. All parts of any Building and accessory Buildings shall be so maintained as to have sufficient physical stability to resist the stresses to which they are subjected and be repaired or replaced as required to eliminate the possibility of hazard or accident.

Building Components

10. The structural components of every Building, including but not limited to roofs, stairs, railings, porches, decks, joists, rafters, beams, columns, foundations, floors, walls, and ceilings shall be maintained in a safe condition, and shall be capable of performing the function that they were intended to perform.

Area and Occupancy of Buildings

11. The physical occupancy of all Buildings and the distribution of occupants as related to overcrowding, lighting, heating, ventilation, fire exits, fire protection, safety, and hazards, etc., shall be taken into consideration based on local, provincial, or national building codes.

Exterior Walls

12. The exterior walls of any Building and their components shall be maintained so as to prevent deterioration or damage due to weather or accident and shall be so maintained by siding, or painting, as well as restoring, or repairing of the walls, coping, or flashing, by the water proofing of joints and of the walls themselves. Exterior walls and surfaces must be:
- (a) made of materials which provide adequate protection from the weather;
 - (b) free of holes, breaks, loose or rotting boards or timbers, or any other conditions which might admit rain or dampness to the interior walls or the interior spaces of the Building; and
 - (c) free of graffiti.

Foundation Walls

13. In cases of foundation settlement, heaving, cracking, or similar problems, the foundation walls shall always be kept in good condition so as to prevent the access of vermin or rodents. All foundation walls shall be maintained and treated so as to prevent the infiltration of water, and areas visible from the outside shall have a clean appearance.

Roofs

14. All parts of roofs including metal works, gutters, and rainwater drains shall be kept in good condition and be repaired or replaced, when necessary, in order to prevent any infiltration of water inside of the Building. For a roof to be in "good condition" the following requirements must be met:
- (a) A roof, including the fascia board, soffit, cornice, and flashing shall be maintained in a watertight condition so as to prevent deterioration or leakage of water into the Building;

- (b) Loose materials, including dangerous accumulations of snow and ice, shall be removed from the roof of a Building as soon as reasonably possible so as to prevent damage to the Building or injury to persons in or near the Building;
- (c) Water running off a roof shall be carried away from the Building so as not to cause dampness in the walls, ceilings, or floors in the Building, but it shall not drain onto a public street so as to create a hazardous condition or onto any adjacent property so as to damage that property; and
- (d) Eavestroughs and downspouts shall be watertight and maintained in good repair.

Chimneys

15. Chimneys, flue pipes, and smokestacks must be maintained in good repair. Good repair necessitates the following:
- (a) Chimneys, flue pipes, and smokestacks shall be maintained in good repair so as to prevent gases, water, or any other substances from leaking into the Building;
 - (b) Chimneys, flue pipes, and smokestacks shall be free of any defects;
 - (c) Chimneys, flue pipes, and smokestacks shall have all defective masonry or metal components repaired or replaced as needed; and
 - (d) Chimneys, flue pipes, and smokestacks shall be kept clear of obstructions.

Exterior Doors and Windows

16. All exterior openings shall be fitted with doors and/or windows to prevent the infiltration of air, rain, or snow.
17. Window and door frames shall be caulked where necessary, and all moveable parts shall function normally and easily.
18. Doors, windows, and screens as well as frames and casings shall be restored to good working condition or replaced whenever damaged or defective, and painted at regular intervals in order to protect them and maintain a neat and tidy appearance. All broken glass shall be replaced.

Balconies, Galleries, Catwalks, Stairways

19. Balconies, galleries, catwalks, handrails, exterior or interior stairways, and generally all structures projecting from a main Building shall be kept in good condition, repaired, or replaced when necessary, and be properly maintained at regular intervals so as to retain a neat appearance.

Walls and Ceilings

20. Walls and ceilings shall be kept in good repair and be free of holes, cracks, or other hazardous defects. Where fire and sound resistant walls exist between separate dwelling units, they shall be maintained in a condition that retains their fire and sound resistant quality.

Floors

21. All floors shall be kept in good repair and free of holes, cracks, or other hazardous defects.

Fireplaces, Chimneys and Furnace Rooms

22. Fireplaces, chimneys, furnace rooms, and pipes of whatever type shall, at all times, be maintained in a safe efficient condition preventing any fire hazard or infiltration of combustible gases into Buildings.

Vent and Elevator Shafts

23. Vent and elevator shafts shall be kept in good repair, be clean and kept free of any obstruction. Moveable parts of all openings in shafts shall function normally.

Basic Equipment

24. All existing basic equipment (including but not limited to plumbing fixtures, water pipes, private drains, heating systems, water heaters, and electric circuits) shall be maintained in

good working order. All necessary repairs shall be made thereto, and such equipment shall be replaced whenever necessary in order to provide for the comfort and health of the occupants and to protect them against fire or other hazards of any nature whatsoever. Lots shall be maintained so as to provide adequate surface drainage without erosion. All plumbing, pipes, fixtures, etc. shall be maintained to ensure sound condition for the expected useful life of the Building and to ensure discharge of sewage or organic waste into the municipal system. All plumbing systems shall be maintained so as to provide adequate hot and cold water, drainage, venting and operation of all fixtures as required by The Plumbing and Drainage Regulations within the National Building Code. All existing wiring and electrical equipment shall be so maintained as to ensure safety and eliminate hazards as required by *The Electrical Inspection Act, 1993*, SS 1993, c E-6.3 and Regulations of the Province of Saskatchewan.

Removal and Demolition

25. If a Building is declared unfit for occupancy by the Designated Officer which cannot be maintained or which constitutes a hazard to the safety or health of the occupants or to the public, the Designated Officer may apply to Council for a resolution deeming the Building be removed or demolished.
26. Upon resolution of Council, all Buildings declared unfit under Section 25 shall be removed or demolished and the cost of such shall be the responsibility of the Property owner.

Vermin and Rodents

27. All Property shall be so maintained as to eliminate any condition liable to bring about the existence or presence of vermin or rodents or to eliminate existing vermin or rodents.

Habitable Environment

28. Every dwelling unit shall provide a safe and sanitary environment for the occupants in accordance with the requirements of this Division.

Sanitary Facilities

29. Every dwelling unit shall be provided with:
 - (a) A toilet;
 - (b) A wash basin; and
 - (c) A bathtub or shower.

PART III – NUISANCES

Nuisances Prohibited Generally

30. No person shall cause or permit a nuisance to occur on any Property owned and/or occupied by that person.

Dilapidated Buildings

31. Notwithstanding the generality of Section 30, no person shall cause or permit any Property, Building, or structure to deteriorate into a ruinous, damaged, state of disrepair, or dilapidated state such that the Property, Building, or structure:
 - (a) is dangerous to the public health or safety;
 - (b) substantially depreciates the value of other land or improvements in the neighbourhood; or
 - (c) is substantially detrimental to the amenities of the neighbourhood.

Unoccupied Buildings

32. Notwithstanding the generality of section 30, no person shall cause or permit an unoccupied Building to become damaged or deteriorate into a state of disrepair such that the Building is an imminent danger to public safety.

Overgrown Grass and Weeds

33. Notwithstanding the generality of section 30, no owner or occupant of land shall cause or permit the land to be overgrown with grass or weeds.
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "overgrown" means in excess of 20 centimetres in height.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to any growth which forms part of a natural garden that has been deliberately planted to produce ground cover, including one or more species of wildflowers, shrubs, perennials, grasses, or combinations of them, whether native or non-native, consistent with a managed and natural landscape other than regularly mown grass.

Untidy and Unsightly Property

34. Notwithstanding the generality of section 30, no person shall cause or permit any Property, land, or Buildings to become untidy and unsightly due to graffiti or the accumulation of new or used lumber, cardboard, paper, newspapers, appliances, tires, cans, barrels, scrap metal or other waste materials or junk.

Junked Vehicles

35. Notwithstanding the generality of section 30, no person shall cause or permit any junked vehicle to be kept on any land owned by that person.

Open Excavations

36. No person shall cause or permit any basement, excavation, drain, ditch, watercourse, pond, surface water, swimming pool, or other structure to exist in or on any private Property or in or about any Building or structure which is dangerous to the public safety or health.

Graffiti

37. Notwithstanding the generality of Section 30, no person shall permit graffiti to remain on any Building, accessory Building, fence, or on any other structure on property owned by that person.

Maintenance of Yards

38. Notwithstanding the generality of Section 8, no person shall cause or permit on any Property owned or occupied by the person:
- (a) garbage and junk, including but not limited to due to graffiti, or the accumulation of cardboard, paper, newspapers, appliances, tires, cans, barrels, scrap metal or other waste materials;
 - (b) Junked Vehicles and/or dismantled machinery;
 - (c) excessive growth of weeds or grass:
 - (i) for the purposes of this section, "excessive growth" means in excess of 20 centimeters in height; and
 - (ii) this section shall not apply to any growth which forms part of a natural garden that has been deliberately planted to produce ground cover, including one or more species of wildflowers, shrubs, perennials, grasses or combinations of them, whether native or non-native, consistent with a managed and natural landscape other than regularly mown grass.
 - (d) Open excavations or holes that could cause an accident (including but not limited to any basement, excavation, drain, ditch, watercourse, pond, surface water, swimming pool or other structure to exist in or on any private land or in or about any Building or structure which is dangerous to the public safety or health);
 - (e) an infestation of rodents, vermin or insects;
 - (f) dead or hazardous trees;

- (g) sharp or dangerous materials; and
 - (h) Grass, trees, shrubs, or hedges that encroach from the property line onto any public right-of-way, sidewalk, or back alley.
39. A yard shall be graded in such a manner so as to prevent:
- (a) excessive ponding of water; and
 - (b) excessive dampness accumulating near Buildings or structures.

Outdoor Storage of Materials

40. Building materials, lumber, firewood, or similar items may be stored on a Property subject to the following:
- (a) shall be neatly stacked in piles;
 - (b) shall be stacked at least 3.0 metres (10 feet) from the exterior walls of any Building; and
 - (c) shall be stacked at least 1.0 metre (3 feet) from the Property line.
41. Building materials stored on site during the construction of any Building on a residential property shall not be subject to the provisions above.

Storage of Containers

42. All boxes, crates, barrels and other containers, empty or otherwise, used or kept in any Building or on any lot, shall be:
- (a) neatly stacked clear of windows and doors to provide clear ingress and egress to any Building; and
 - (b) kept away from any source of fire.
43. If, in the opinion of the Fire Chief or a Designated Officer, any accumulation of boxes, crates, barrels or other containers or packing materials constitutes a fire hazard, the Fire Chief or a municipal inspector may order the owner or occupant of the Building or lot to remove the accumulation immediately.

Refrigerators and Freezers

44. Any refrigerator or freezer left in a yard shall first have its hinges, latches, lid door or doors removed.

Walkways, Driveways and Parking Spaces

45. If a walkway, driveway, or parking space is provided, it shall be maintained to afford safe passage thereon under normal use and weather conditions.

Fences

46. Fences shall be maintained in a safe and reasonable state of repair.

PART IV – ENFORCEMENT, OFFENCES, AND PENALTIES

Enforcement of Bylaw

47. The administration and enforcement of this Bylaw is hereby delegated to the Administrator of the Municipality.
48. The Administrator of the Municipality is hereby authorized to further delegate the administration and enforcement of this Bylaw to another employee of the Municipality, including, but not limited to, the Designated Officer or their authorized representative or the Weed Inspector or their authorized representative.

Inspections

49. The Designated Officer is hereby authorized to carry out inspections in accordance with Section 362 of the Act to determine compliance with this Bylaw.

50. No person shall obstruct a Designated Officer, who is authorized to conduct an inspection under this section, or a person who is assisting a Designated Officer.

Order to Remedy Contraventions

51. If a Designated Officer finds that a person is contravening this Bylaw, the Designated Officer may, by written Notice of Violation and/or Order to Remedy, require the owner or occupant of the Property to which the contravention relates to remedy the contravention.
52. Notices and/or Orders given under this Bylaw shall comply with Section 364 of the Act.
53. Notices and/or Orders given under this Bylaw shall be served in accordance with Section 390(1) of the Act.
54. The Administrative Process to follow in issuing an Order to Remedy is outlined in Appendix A.
55. Issuing an Order to Remedy does not exempt the person from enforcement of a Notice of Violation pursuant to Section 51 of this Bylaw.

Registration of Notice of Order

56. If an order is issued pursuant to Section 51, the Municipality may, in accordance with Section 364 of the Act, give notice of the existence of the order by registering an interest against the title to the Property that is the subject of the order.

Appeal of Order to Remedy

57. A person may appeal an order made pursuant to Section 51 in accordance with Section 365 of the Act.

Rural Municipality Remediating Contraventions

58. The Municipality may, in accordance with Section 366 of the Act, take whatever actions or measures necessary to remedy a contravention of this Bylaw.
59. In the event that it becomes an emergency to remedy a contravention of this Bylaw, the Municipality may take whatever actions or measures necessary to eliminate the emergency in accordance with the provisions of Section 367 of the Act.

Adding Amounts to Tax Roll

60. The Municipality may, in accordance with s. 369 of the Act, add any unpaid expenses and costs incurred by the Municipality in remediating a contravention of this Bylaw to the taxes on the Property on which the work was done.

Offences and Penalties

61. No person shall:
- (a) fail to comply with an order made pursuant to this Bylaw;
 - (b) obstruct or interfere with any Designated Officer or any other person acting under the authority of this Bylaw; or
 - (c) fail to comply with any other provision of this Bylaw.
62. Every person who contravenes any provision of Section 61 is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction:
- (a) in the case of an individual, to a fine of not more than \$10,000;
 - (b) in the case of a corporation, to a fine of not more than \$25,000; and
 - (c) in the case of a continuing offence, to a maximum daily fine of not more than \$2,500 per day.
63. If an individual is convicted of an offence pursuant to Section 61, and if the individual fails to pay the fine with respect to the conviction within the prescribed time, the

individual convicted may be imprisoned for a term of not more than one year, unless the fine is paid sooner.

Failure to Comply – Notice of Violation

64. Notwithstanding the offences set out in Section 61 of this Bylaw, no person shall fail to comply with any other provision of this Bylaw.
65. Notwithstanding the penalties set out in Section 62 of this Bylaw, any person who contravenes any other provisions of this Bylaw is liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than the minimum penalty shown in Appendix C.
66. Every person who contravenes any provisions in this Bylaw is liable on summary conviction to the increasing minimum penalties for each subsequent contravention made within 24 months, as shown in Appendix C.
67. The following procedure shall apply to contraventions of the Bylaw under Section 64:
 - (a) a Designated Officer may issue a Notice of Violation to any person committing a contravention under Section 64. The notice shall require the person to pay to the Municipality the penalty set out in Appendix C;
 - (b) the fine may be paid:
 - (i) in person, during regular office hours, to the cashier located at the Municipal Office, PT NW 36-30-04 W3, R.M. of Rosedale No. 283, SK;
 - (ii) by mail addressed to the Municipality, c/o Bylaw Enforcement, R.M. of Rosedale No. 283, P.O. Box 150, Hanley, SK, S0G 2E0;
 - (c) the amount of the fine under Appendix C shall be discounted in accordance with the amounts set out in Appendix C if paid within 15 calendar days of the date of the Notice of Violation. The date of payment shall be determined as follows:
 - (i) for payment in person, the date of the payment shall be the date payment is received by the Municipality;
 - (ii) for payment by deposit, the date of payment shall be the date payment is deposited in the depository at Municipality's Office; or
 - (iii) for payment by mail, the date of payment shall be the post marked date on the remittance.
 - (d) If payment of the fine as provided in Appendix C is not made within 30 calendar days of service of the Notice of Violation, such outstanding fine will be forwarded to a Collection Agency for pursuit at the Municipality's discretion.
 - (e) If payment of the fine as provided in Appendix C is made within 60 calendar days of service of the Notice of Violation, the person shall not be liable to prosecution for that offence.
68. Payment of any Notice of Violation does not exempt the person from enforcement of an order pursuant to Section 51 of this Bylaw.

Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fees

69. Any repeat nuisance service calls will be subject to the following additional penalty:
 - (a) Where police, the Designated Officer, or Municipality officials have been required to respond to three (3) or more nuisance service calls for a single residential property within a twelve (12) month period in response to a violation of this Bylaw, the Municipality may impose upon the owner and/or occupant of the Property an Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fee;
 - (b) The Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fee shall be in accordance with the amounts prescribed in Appendix B of this Bylaw; and

(c) The Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fee shall be added to the penalty amounts set out in Appendix C and served upon the person contravening the Bylaw as outlined in Section 67.

- 70. If the Excessive Nuisance Abatement Fees are not paid in full before the 31st day of December in the year received, upon written notice to the owner, the amount shall be added to and form part of the taxes on the residential property, as taxes in arrears, in accordance with s. 369 of the Act.
- 71. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit the Municipality's other available remedies for violation of this or any other Municipality bylaw.

Notice of Violation Forms

72. All violations and associated notices will be given in accordance with the Municipality's current General Penalty Bylaw.

Recovery of Unpaid Expenses and Costs

- 73. Any unpaid expenses and costs incurred by the Municipality in remedying a contravention of this Bylaw may be recovered either:
 - (a) by adding the amount to the taxes on the Property on which the work is done in accordance with Section 369 of the Act;
 - (b) through submission to a Collection Agency; and/or
 - (c) by civil action for debt in a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with Section 368 of the Act.

Severability

74. In the event that any portion of this Bylaw is declared by a Court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, then such portion shall be deemed to be severed from the Bylaw to that extent and the remainder of the Bylaw shall continue in force and effect.

Compliance With Other Statutes and Bylaws

75. This Bylaw is not intended to relieve any person from complying with any other statute, regulation, or Bylaw relating to Building construction and repair, fire safety, or public health.

Repeal of Former Bylaws

76. Bylaw No. 2/2008 is hereby repealed.

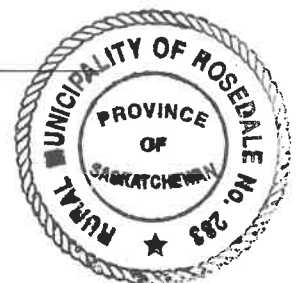
Coming Into Force

77. This Bylaw shall come into effect on the day of its final passing.



Nick Patkau
 Nick Patkau, Reeve

Danielle Thall
 Danielle Thall, Administrator

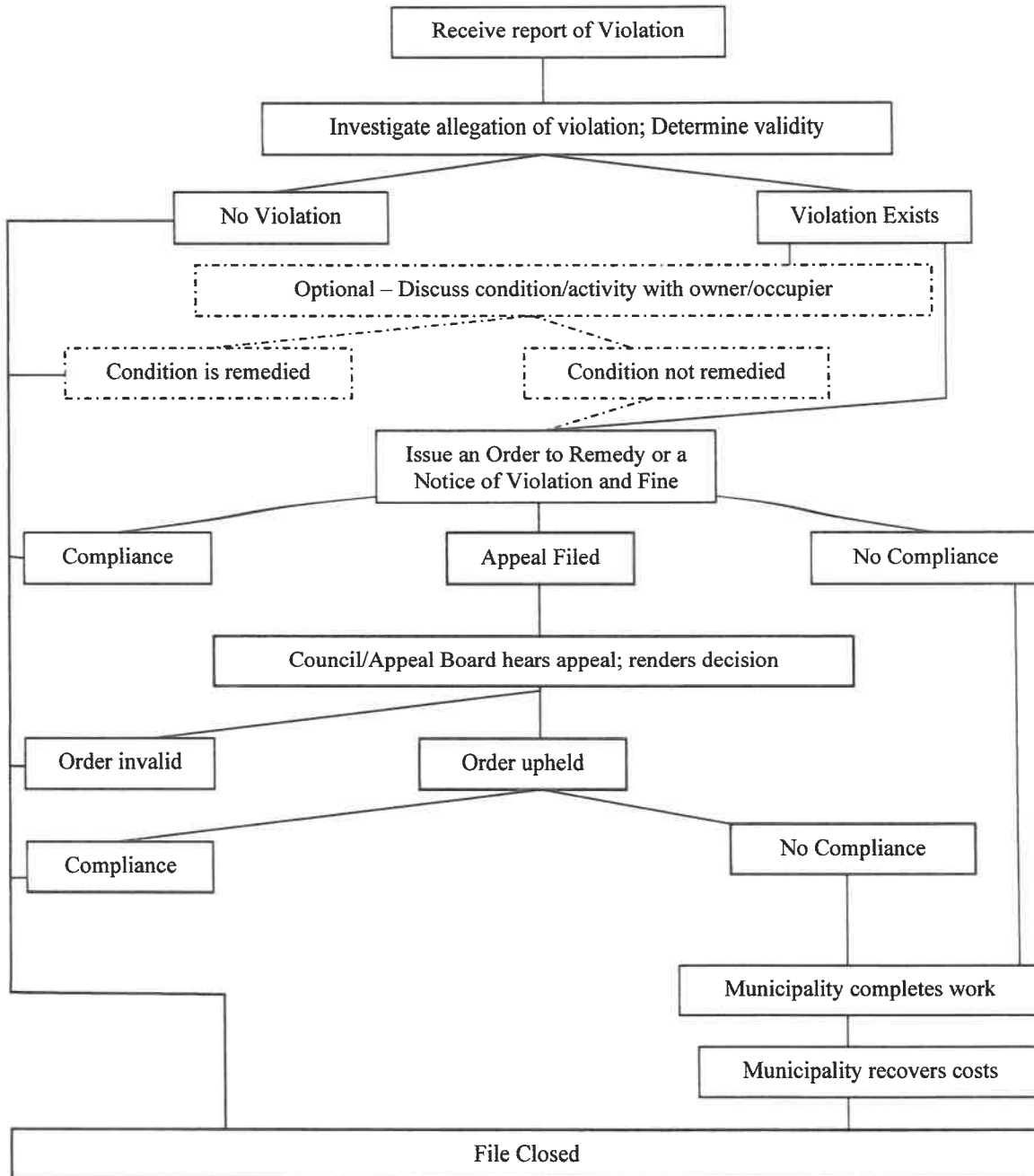


Read a first time 14 day of October, 2025
 Read a second time 13 day of November, 2025
 Read a third time and passed this 13 day of November, 2025

Certified a true copy of Bylaw No. 15/2025 adopted by resolution of the council of the Rural Municipality of Rosedale No. 283 on the 13 day of November, 2025
Danielle Thall
 Administrator

Appendix A – Administrative Process Order to Remedy

DESIGNATED OFFICER WITH FULL AUTHORITY:



Handwritten initials and signature

Appendix B – excessive nuisance abatement fees

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Police Nuisance Response and Abatement Service Call: | \$195.00/call |
| 2. Municipal Staff Nuisance Response and Abatement Service Call: | \$50.00/hr |
| 3. Administration Fee: | 10% on Total Service
Call Fees |



Appendix C – Minimum PENALTIES

**IN THE MATTER OF THE ABATEMENT NUISANCE BYLAW
BYLAW NO. 15/2025**

Offence Pursuant to The Abatement of Nuisance Bylaw, 2025		Penalty (Fine)	
		Time of Issuance (paid within 15 days)	After 15 days
Section 51: Failure to Comply with an Order to Remedy Contravention	1 st Offence	\$100.00	\$250.00
	2 nd Offence	\$150.00	\$500.00
	3 rd Offence	\$200.00	\$750.00
Failure to Comply with Any Other Provision of This Bylaw	1 st Offence	\$100.00	\$250.00
	2 nd Offence	\$150.00	\$500.00
	3 rd Offence	\$200.00	\$750.00

